Evaluating Quality in an Electronic Age

PRESENTED BY: FEI SYSTEMS, INC.

NOOR OSMAN AND WANDA SEILER

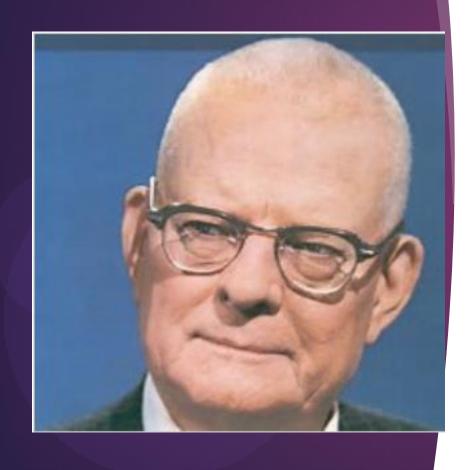
PRESENTED TO: NATIONAL HCBS CONFERENCE, ARLINGTON, VA

SEPTEMBER 17, 2014

Making Assumptions Leads Us Astray



Historical Perspective – Total Quality Management

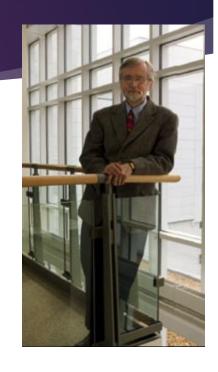


- W. Edward Deming and total quality management
- Importance of leadership in maintaining a focus on quality
- Quality is everyone's job
- Systems contain independent processes and uncontrolled variance results in poor quality

TQM to Continuous Quality Improvement

- Continuous Quality Improvement coined by Berwick and Batalden
- > Applies Deming's Principles of TQM to the health care industry
- Measures the uncontrolled variation within the processes that comprise the delivery of long term services and supports
- Out of control variances are indicative of poor quality





Left: Donald Berwick, M.D. Above: Paul Batalden, M.D.

Applying Research

- Improved results when CQI principles were used to impact health and health related outcomes (Sales, 2012; Renzi, 2012; Fernandez y Garcia, 2011; Cochran, 2004)
- CQI principles identify approaches that hold the greatest promise (Lind, 2013; Wandersman, 2012; Meyers, 2012; Anderson 2009)
- CQI's applicability to Long Term Care and HCB services (Sales, 2012; Wandersman, 2012; Schalock, 2012; Miller, 2008; Walsh 1999; Kinney 1994)
- ► Technology remains a largely untapped resource essential to informing the CQI cycle (Lind, 2013; Sales 2012; Miller, 2008; Ross, 2006)

Identify desired system outcomes

Make adjustments -Repeat

CQI CYCLE

Define process best practice

Evaluate results in the context of outcomes

Measure uncontrolled variance

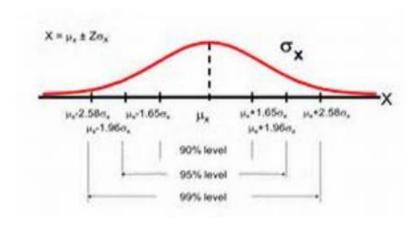
Variance

Controlled Variance

Expected, specific, predictable and *normal* variation levels

<u>Uncontrolled Variance</u>

Variance that falls out of the limits and is thus "out of control"



Desired Outcomes

Participant satisfaction

Participant safety

Competitive employment

Community access and integration

Best possible health

Rights are respected

People choose where they live and work

Goal achievement

- How do we identify outcomes indicative of quality?
- How do we measure / benchmark these outcomes?
- How do we define / refine the best practices likely to produce the outcomes we seek to achieve?
- ► How do we determine if these best practices are efficacious?

AHRQ: Hospitalization Rates

Indicator	General Population
Short Term Diabetes	52
Asthma or Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disorder (COPD)	<u>316</u>
Congestive Heart Failure (CHF)	433
Composite: Potentially Preventable Infection	695
Bacterial Pneumonia	454
Urinary Tract Infection (UTI)	241
Infection due to Device or Implant	72
Dehydration	297
Composite: Ambulatory Care Sensitive Condition (ACSC) Chronic Conditions	1,034
Composite: ACSC Acute Conditions	668
Composite: ACSC Overall	1,702
Pressure Ulcer	158
Injurious Falls	383

AHRQ: Hospitalization Rates

Indicator	HCBS Population	Medicaid Population	General Population
Short Term Diabetes	368	149	52
Asthma or Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disorder (COPD)	<u>4,055</u>	<u>753</u>	<u>316</u>
Congestive Heart Failure (CHF)	5,470	787	433
Composite: Potentially Preventable Infection	8,737	1,383	695
Bacterial Pneumonia	5,380	861	454
Urinary Tract Infection (UTI)	3,356	521	241
Infection due to Device or Implant	996	166	72
Dehydration	1,989	486	297
Composite: Ambulatory Care Sensitive Condition (ACSC) Chronic Conditions	12,870	2,239	1,034
Composite: ACSC Acute Conditions	7,953	1,254	668
Composite: ACSC Overall	20,822	3,494	1,702
Pressure Ulcer	4,661	4,087	158
Injurious Falls	490	762	383

Annual Rates per 100,000 population Source: Development of Quality Indicators for the Home and Community- Based Services Population: Technical Report, AHRQ, 2012

Practical Applications

- 1. How do we identify people who have these diagnoses?
- 2. How would we know the rate of unnecessary hospitalization?
- 3. How can we decrease the rate of unnecessary hospitalizations?
- 4. How do we know if what we are doing is working?

Identify desired system outcomes

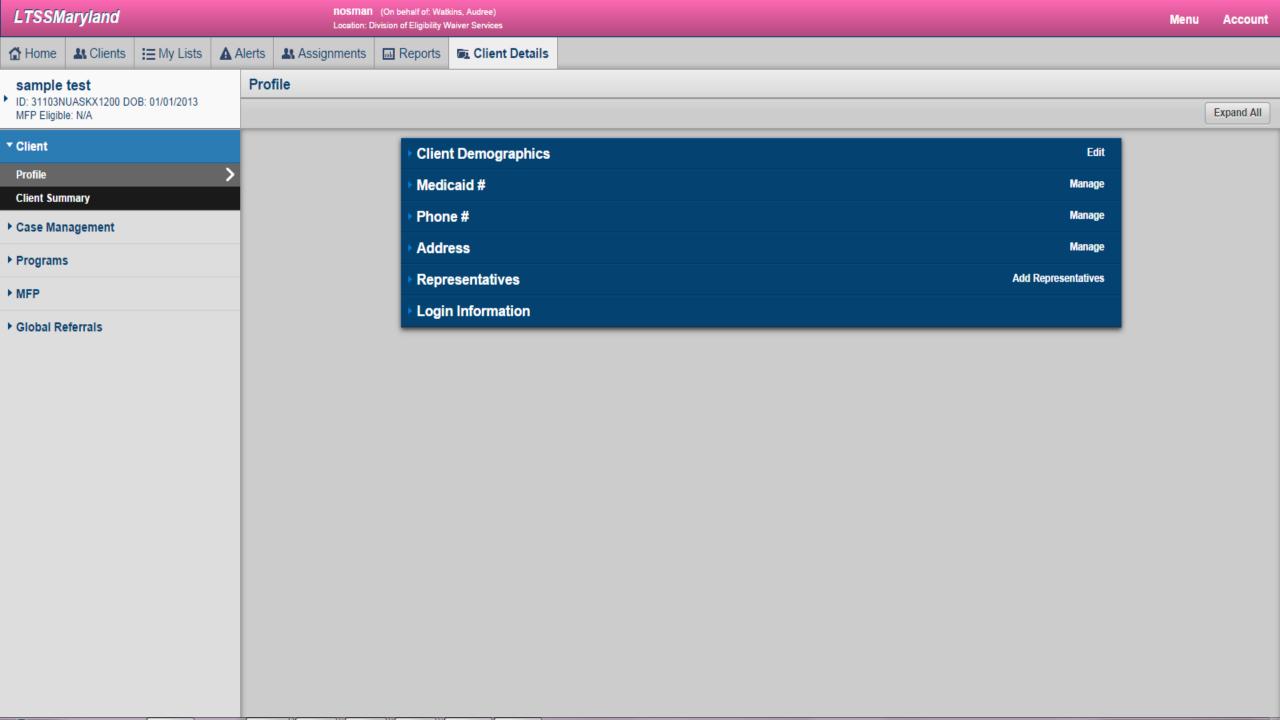
Make adjustments -Repeat

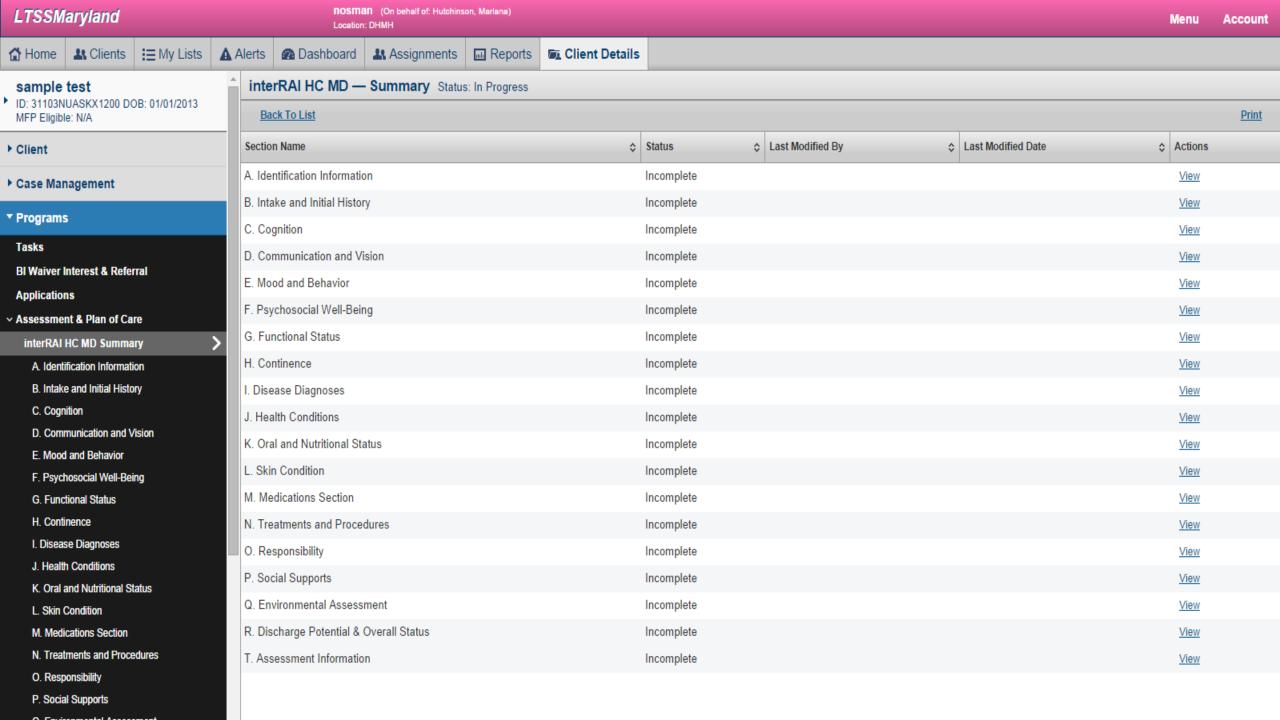
CQI CYCLE

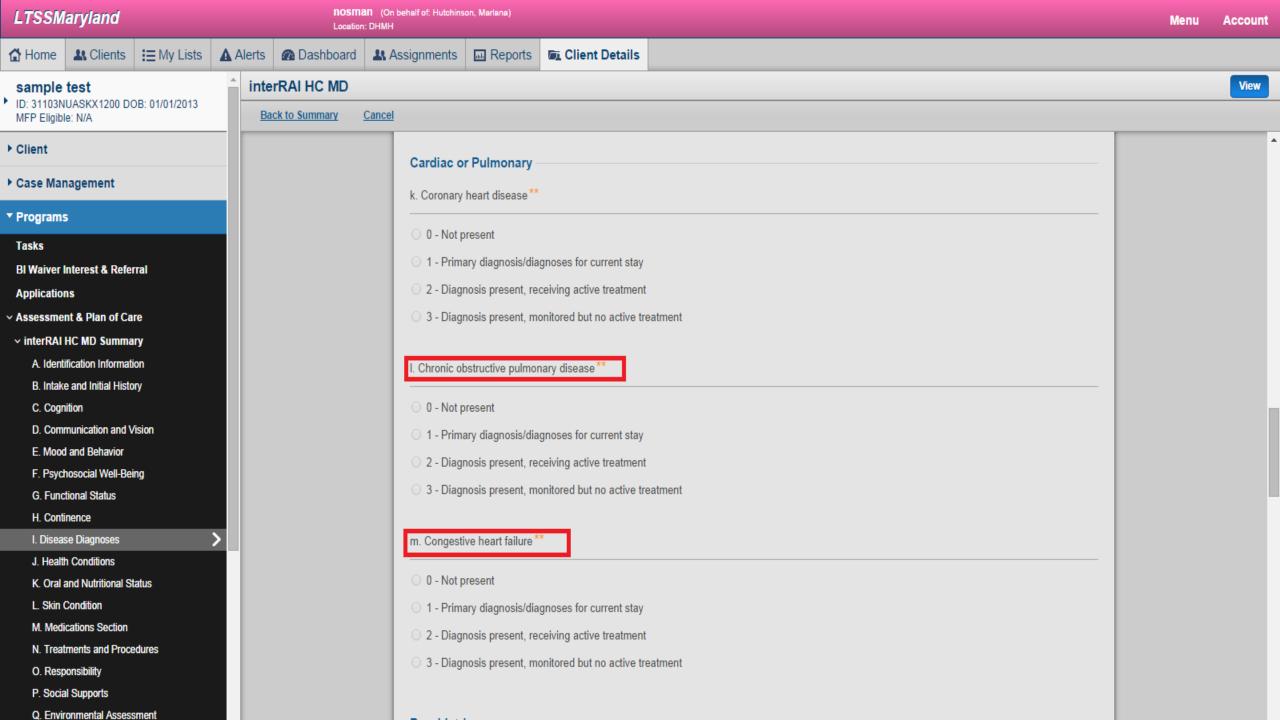
Define process best practice

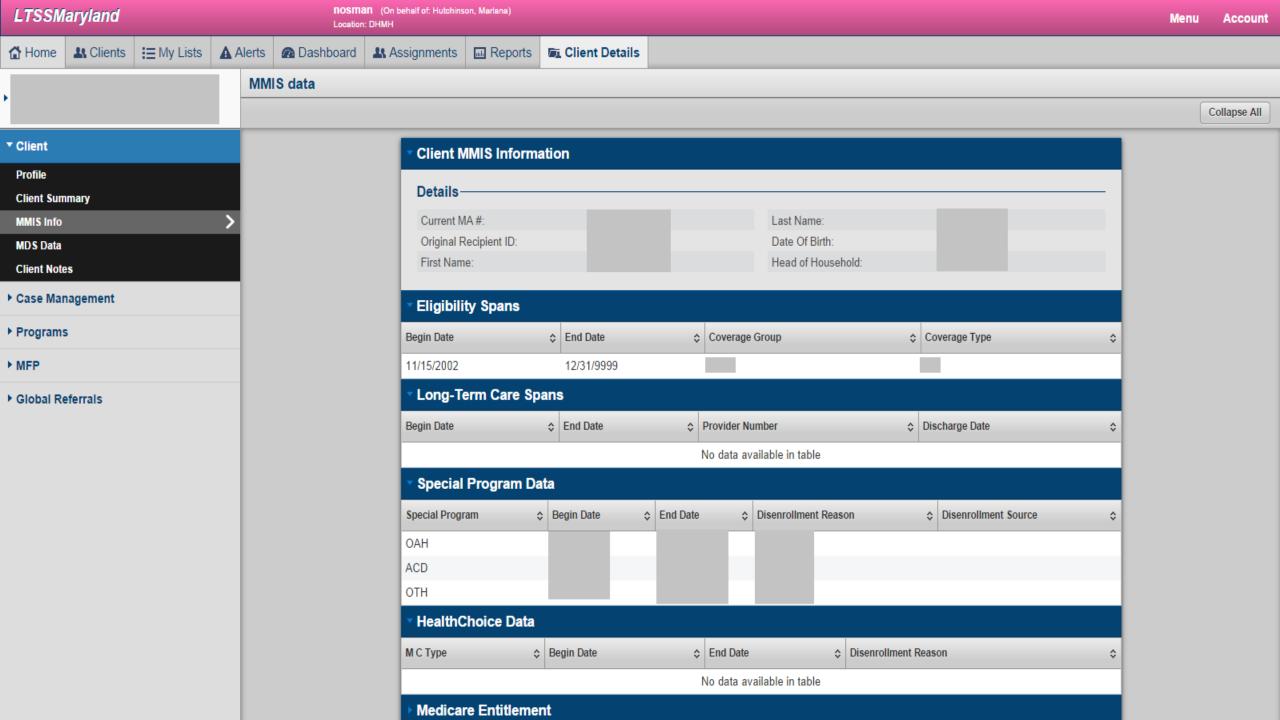
Evaluate results in the context of outcomes

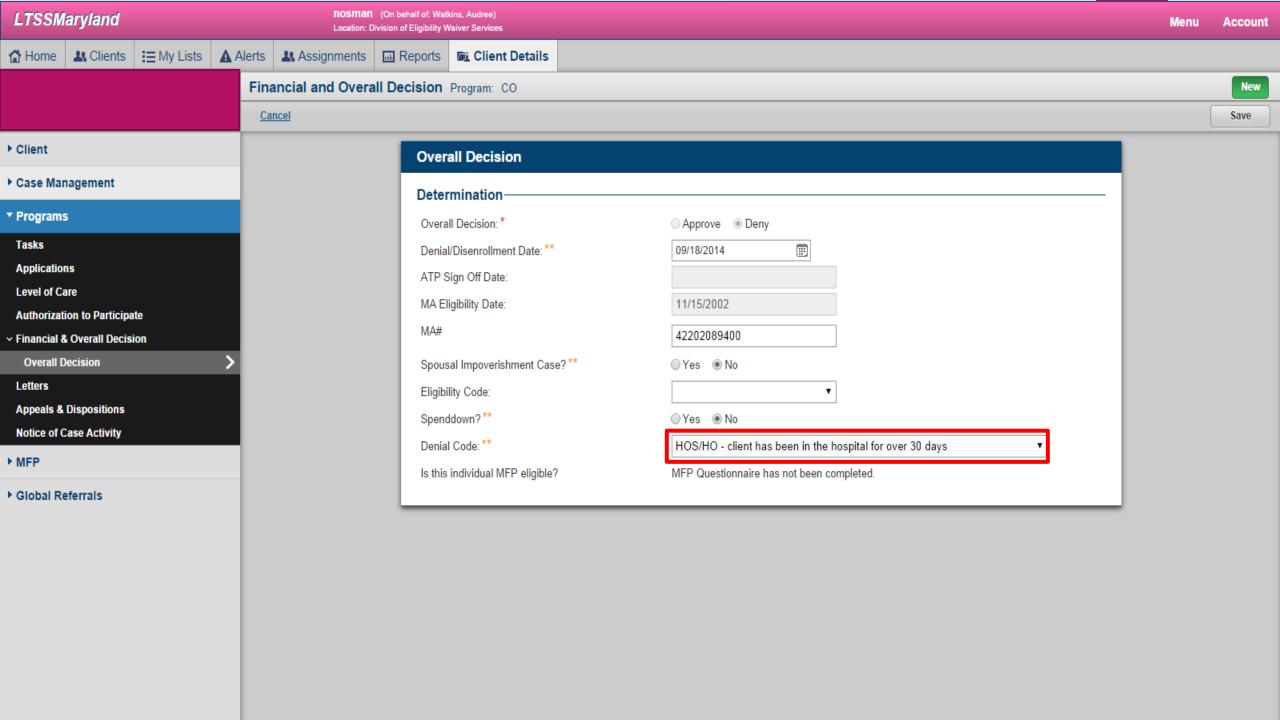
Measure uncontrolled variance

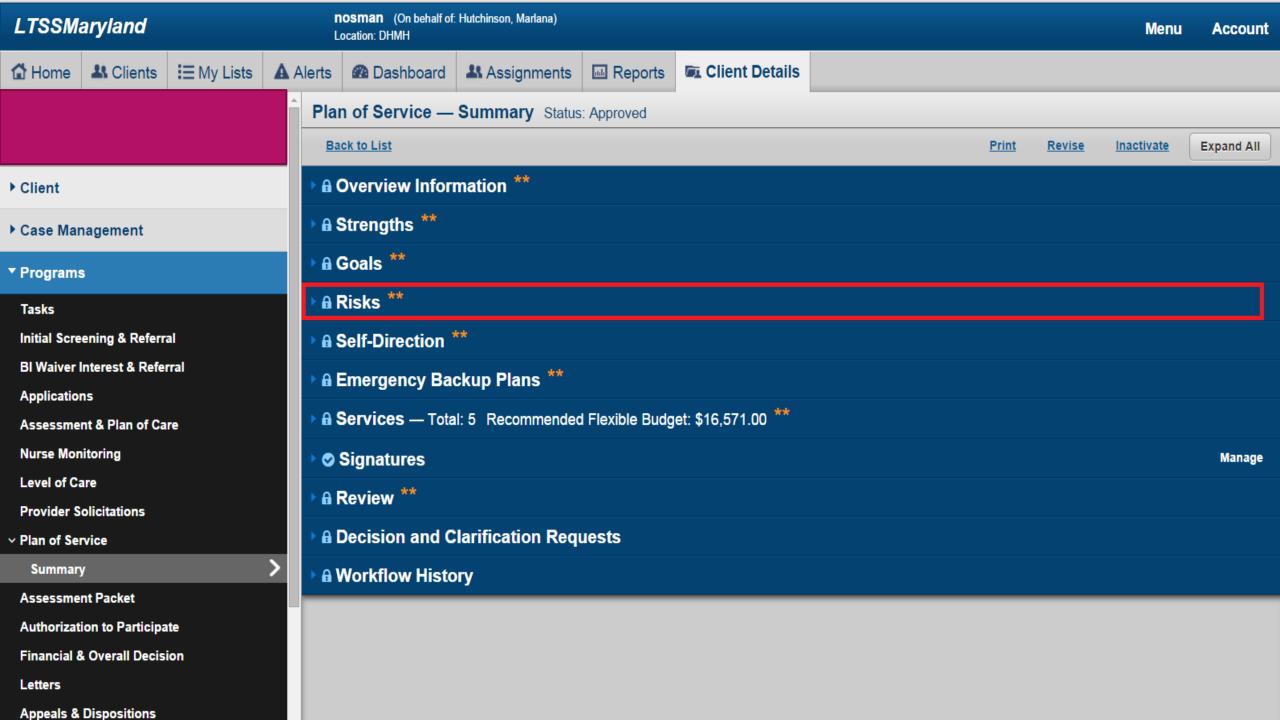


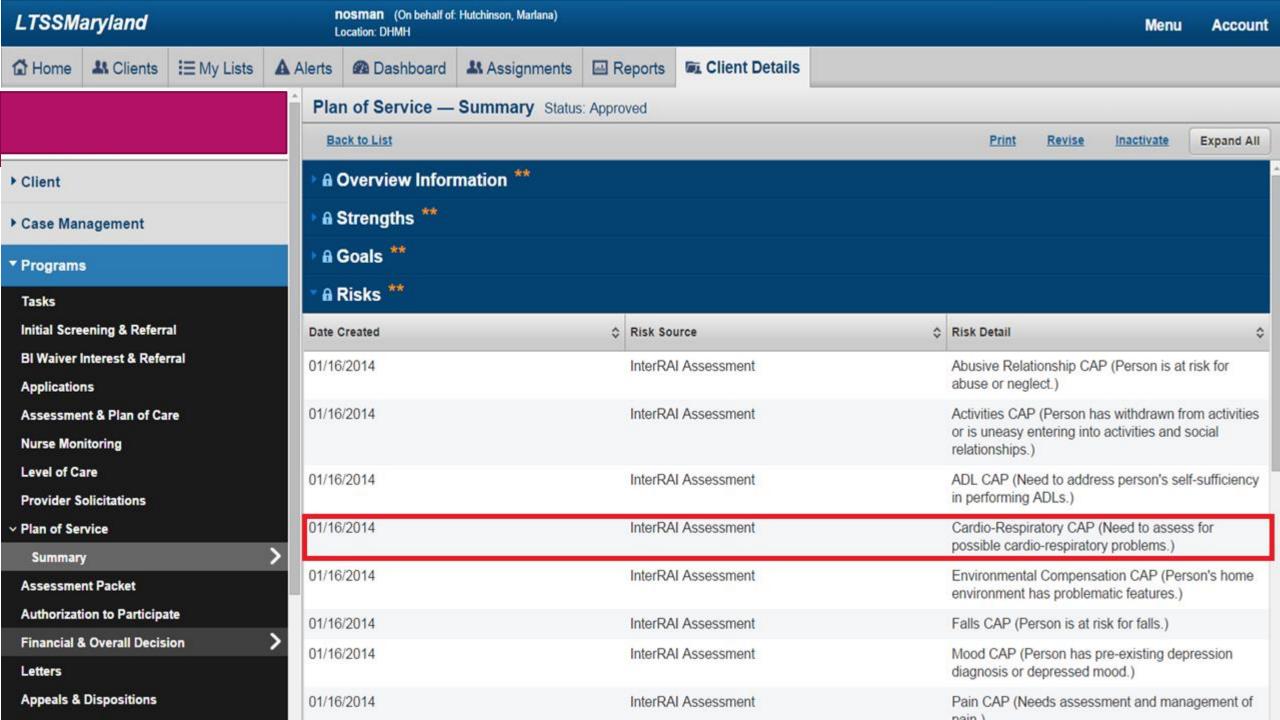




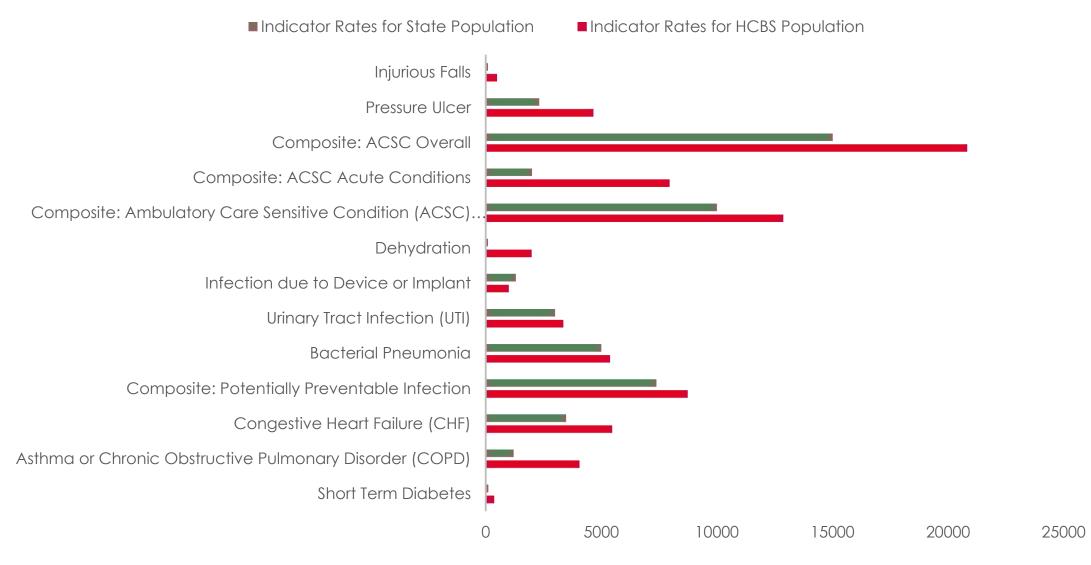








STATE PERFORMANCE ON QUALITY INDICATORS



What modifications are necessary to propel the cycle of CQI?



Desired Outcomes

Participant satisfaction

Participant safety

Competitive employment

Community access and integration

Best possible health

Rights are respected

People choose where they live and work

Goal achievement

Community spending exceeds institutional spending

People are free from abuse and neglec

- How do we identify outcomes indicative of quality?
- How do we measure / benchmark these outcomes?
- How do we define / refine the best practices likely to produce the outcomes we seek to achieve?
- How do we determine if these best practices are efficacious?

Participant Satisfaction Outcomes

- Medicaid Waiver Person Care Services: Results of a Statewide Survey (Glass, Roberto, Brossoie, Teaster, & Butler, 2009)
- Literature Review
 - despite a nagging concern about quality, "...little is known about the extent of—quality problems, particularly for the personal care services designed for individuals with chronic disability."
 - research indicates that satisfaction with care is influence by consistent service availability; people generally respond positively
- ► The one problematic issue consistently reported dealt with time and reliability, specifically late arrivals, aides who left before scheduled, and those who did not show up at all.

Practical Application

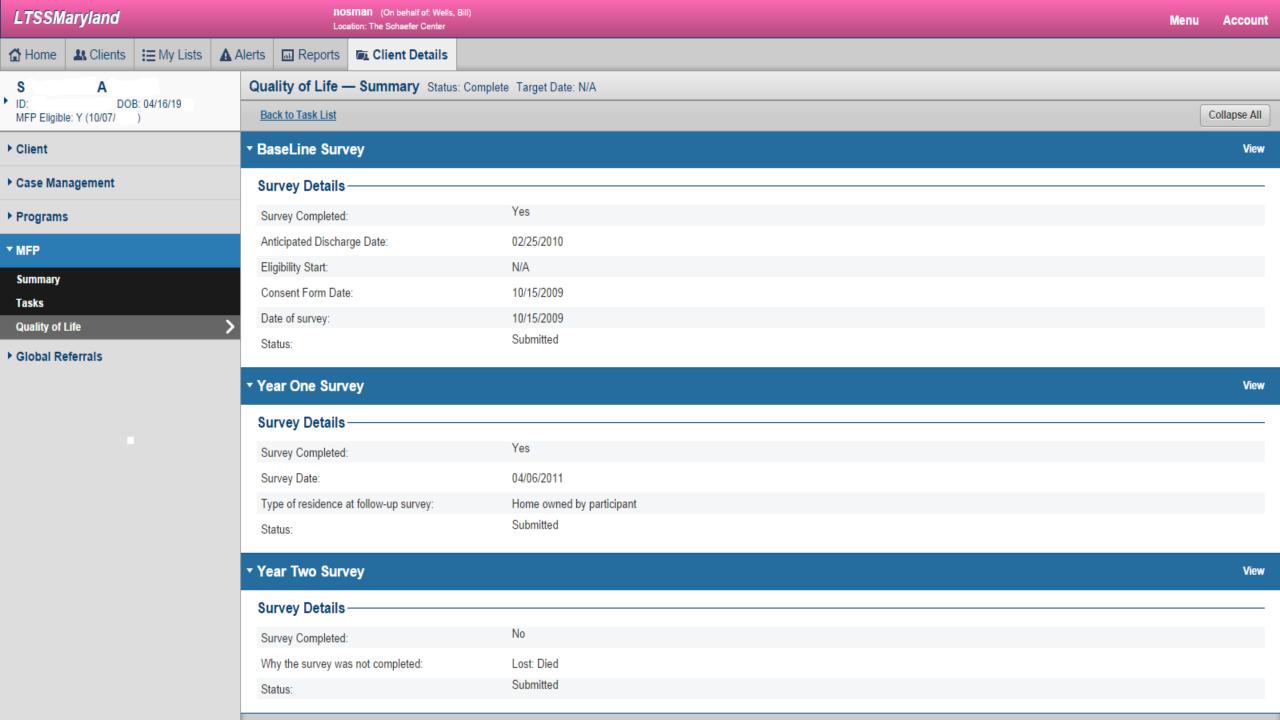
Q: What is our outcome?

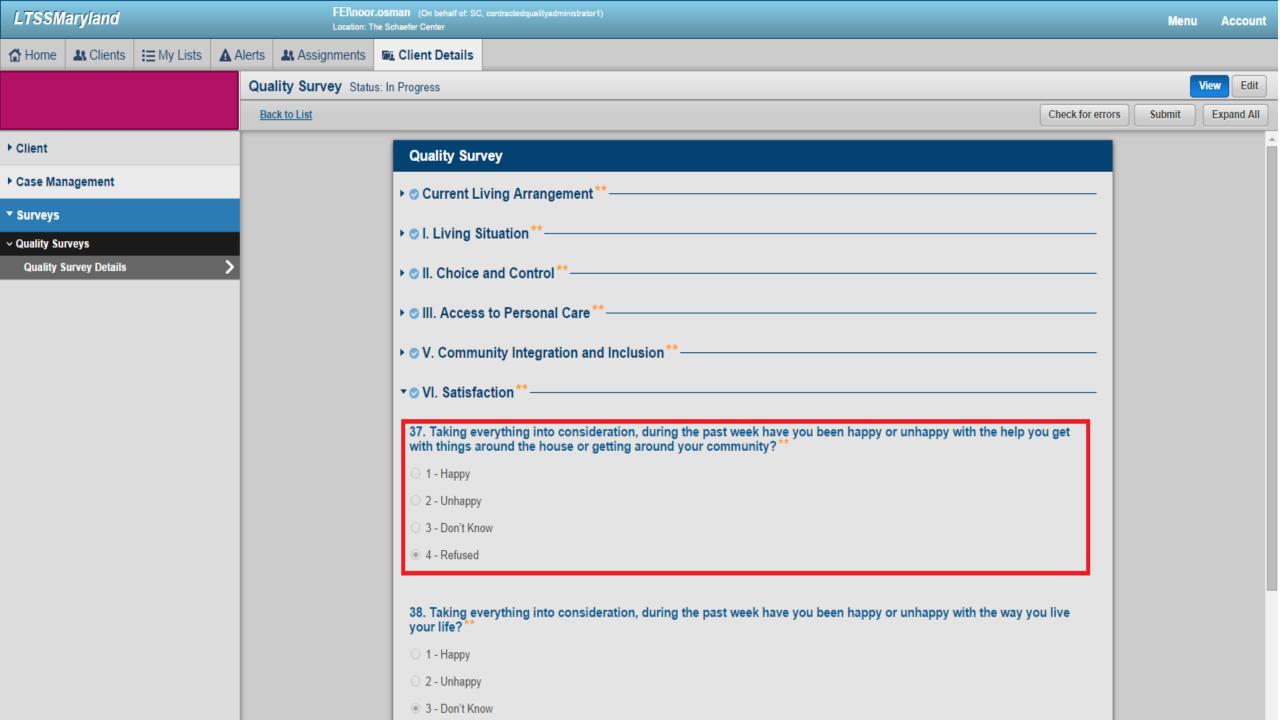
A: Participant satisfaction with services

Q: What is the best practice?

A: Direct support staff show up on time, consistently and stay for the allotted amount of time

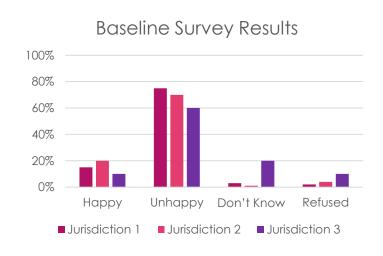
Q: How do we measure uncontrolled variance?

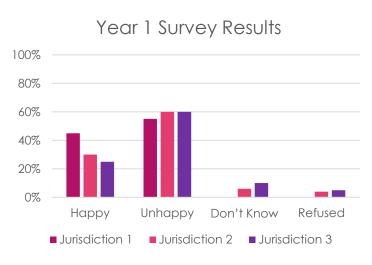




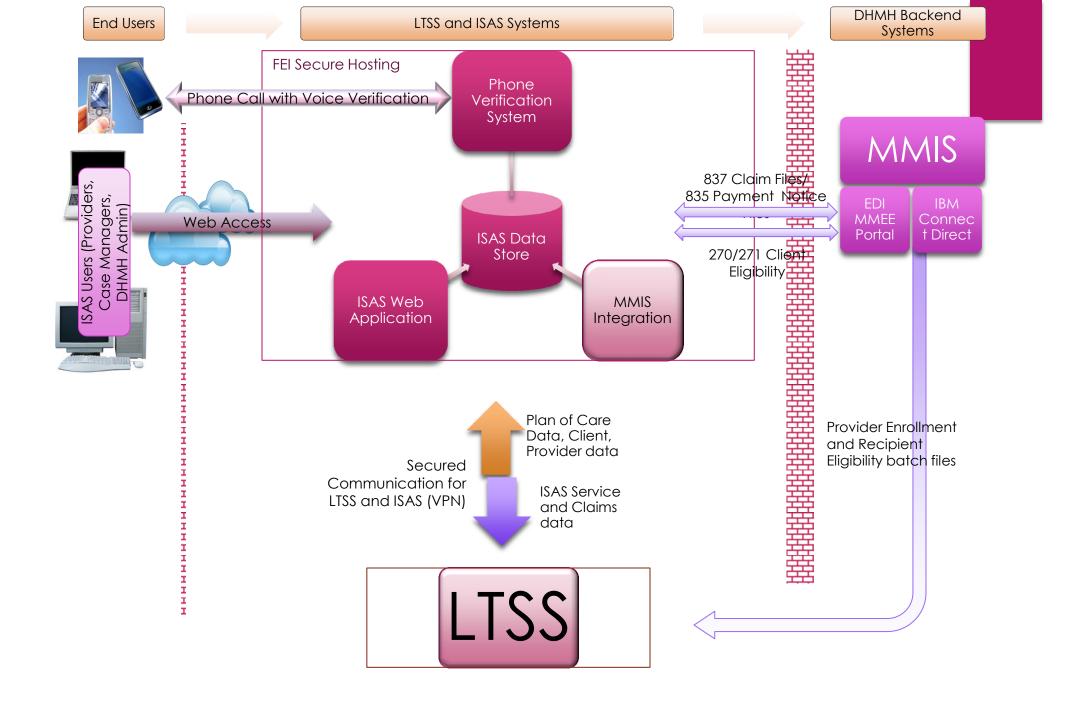
Quality of Life Report- Satisfaction with Services

"Taking everything into consideration, during the past week have you been happy or unhappy with the help you get with things around the house or getting around your community?"







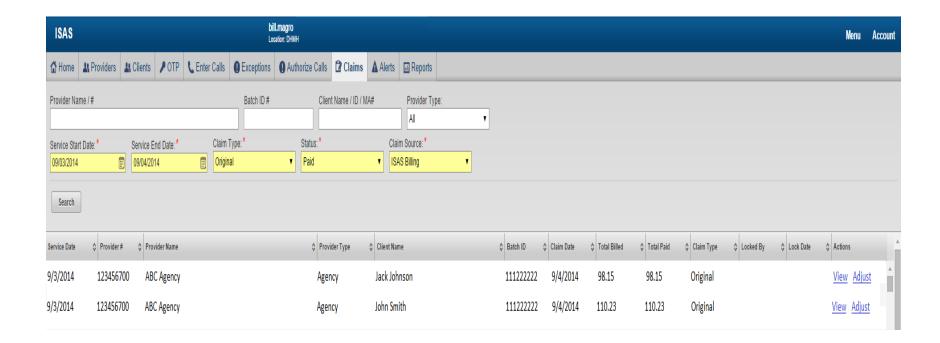


Create

Reset All

Call Transaction Details	
Service Information	
Call Date: *	09/15/2014
Service Type: *	
Service Call #	Ext
Failed Call Reason:*	
Client MA # *	
Client Name:	
Provider # *	
Provider Name:	
Staff Name:*	▼
Staff Phone #	Ext:
Call Transaction	
Service Date and Time: *	09/15/2014 02:15 PM
Clock Out	
Service Date and Time: *	09/15/2014 02:15 PM

Claim Processing



What modifications are necessary to propel the cycle of CQI?



Have your assumptions – however well intentioned – led you astray in the provision of quality LTSS services?

